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# Density, refractive index and other thermodynamic properties of hydroxamic acids in DMSO at T = (298.15 to 318.15)K

\*Dr. Sandhya Patre \*\*Dr. Rakesh Kumar Kurre

### **ABSTRACT**

Hydroxamic acids are a group of weak organic acids having the general formula RC(=0)N(R')OH, show a wide spectrum of activities in analytical, agricultural, biological and medicinal fields. Physical properties, such as density,  $(\rho)$  and refractive index, (n) of three hydroxamic acids were measured in dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) as a function of concentrations at  $T=(298.15,303.15,308.15\,313.15\,$  and (DMSO) as a function of concentrations at  $T=(298.15,303.15,308.15\,313.15\,$  and (DMSO) at infinite dilution, slope  $(S_V^*)$  and Hepler's constant are  $(\partial^2 V_A^0 - \partial T^2)$  calculated from the experimental values of densities  $(\rho)$  by applying the Masson's equation. The apparent molar expansibilities at infinite dilution  $(\Phi^E)$ , molar volumes (V), thermal expansion coefficient  $(\alpha_2)$  and the excess molar volumes  $(V^E)$  are also computed. The precise refractive indices (n) data have been used to evaluate the steric parameters viz. molar refractions  $(R_M)$ , polarizability  $(\alpha)$  and excess molar refraction,  $(R_M^E)$  of these molecules. The behavior of this parameter suggests strong solute-solvent interactions. The results have been discussed in terms of solute-solvent interaction, and it was found that a hydroxamic acid acts as a structure maker in the present system.

Reywords: Density, Refractive index, Excess Properties, hydroxamic acids.

1. Introduction- The volumetric and molar refraction behavior of solutes has been proved to be very useful in elucidating the various interactions occurring in molar volumes on the effect of concentration and temperature on the apparent solute-solute, solutes have been extensively used to obtained information on solute-solvent, and solvent-solvent interactions [1]. The use of densities

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### **GERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that Protest Mr./Ms. Sandhya Patre, Assistant Professor of Sant Shiromani Guin Ravidas College, Sargaon, District-Mungeli has participated in the National Seminar on "Recent Trends in Chemical Sciences: An Interdisciplinary Research Area in Physical, Biological and Environmental Sciences". He/She delivered Key Note/Invited Talk/Chaired Session/Presented Oral/Poster entitled Physico chemical property of hydroxamic Acid.

Dr.(Mrs.) Kiran Vajpai Convener Dr. S.R. Kamlesh Patron & Principal

# Seeds and Seed Oil of Eastern Chhattises I Value of Urena lobata Seeds and Seed Oil of Eastern Chhattisgarh.

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lobatacommonly known as 'Caesarweed' or 'Congo jute'in English is a subshrub which blongs to the family Malvaceae. Urena lobata traditionally has been used for treatment of various belongs since generations. These seeds have been found to be rich in oil content and high calorific proximate analysis of full fat seed reveals Moisture – 6.09%, Ash – 9.63%, Volatile Matter – 727%, Fixed carbon – 12.01% and Ultimate analysis reveals N – 4.39%, C – 51.67%, H – 1508%, S – 0.32%. Flame photometer and AAS analysis of *Urena lobata* full fat seed powder indicated the presence of cations composition in seeds. Quantitatively, the main fatty acids by GCwere nervoinic acid - 30.70%, lignoceric acid -8.56%, elaidic acid - 5.26, palmitic acidenucic acid - 1.54%. The amino acid profile by HPLC result shows glutamate was the most abundant in the Urena lobata had the highest contents of all the non-essential amino acids such as aspartate, glycine, alanine, serine, tyrosine, proline, cystine (NEAA-68.87%) and essential amino acids such as threonine, methionine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, lysine – 4.15%, (EAA- 24.52%).

Key Words: Physico-chemical, Proximate-Ultimate Analysis, AAS, Fatty Acid Composition, GC-FID, Amino Acid, HPLC, Urena lobata seeds.

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## Density, refractive index and other thermodynamic properties of hydroxamic acids in DMSO at T = (298.15 to 308.15)K

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Hydroxamic acids are a group of weak organic acids having the general formula RC(=0)N(R')OH, show a wide spectrum of activities in analytical, agricultural, biological and medicinal fields.